Proclamation of 1763 Quartering Act

Sugar Act

Quartering Act John Locke

Stamp Act Quebec Act

Patrick Henry John Adams

Stamp Act Congress Paul Revere

Sons of Liberty Second Continental Congress

Declaratory Act Olive Branch Petition

Townshend Acts Thomas Paine, *Common Sense*

Writs of Assistance Declaration of Independence

Samuel Adams Thomas Jefferson

Boston Massacre Patriots

Committees of Correspondence Loyalists

Tea Act Battle of Saratoga

Boston Tea Party Battle of Yorktown

Intolerable Acts Treaty of Paris (1783)

Shay’s Rebellion Constitutional Convention

Virginia Plan New Jersey Plan

Great Compromise 3/5ths Compromise Federalists

Anti Federalists *The Federalist Papers*

Bill of Rights Great Awakening

Articles of Confederation Northwest Territory

Northwest Ordinance

Ratification Popular Sovereignty Limited Government

Separation of Powers Checks and Balances Electoral College

Federalism Republic Bi cameral legislature

Natural Rights Enlightenment

What were the political and economic factors that contributed to Colonial discontent in the years 1750-1775?

What political and social actions did Colonists engage in to remedy their discontent in the years 1750 -1775?

In what way was the American Revolution a world war, a civil war and an ideological war?

Enumerate the turning points of the Revolutionary War that resulted in American victory.

How effective was the Constitution in addressing the issues of the Articles of Confederation?